Year: 2011-2012

Curriculum Map

	September	October	November	December
Unit Title/Theme Essential Question	*Getting Ready for Science/	Unit C Processes That Change the Earth Earth is constantly changed by processes that occur on and within its crust, in its atmosphere, and on and within its waters. These processes produce rocks and minerals. Fossils are found in certain rock and provide information a out changes in living organisms over time. Earth's resources are used by the organisms on Earth in order to meet their needs.	Unit D Cycles on Earth and in Space Cycles on Earth and in space are affected by the interactions of the nonliving components of the systems that comprise them. The Planets, the sun, and other celestial bodies interact to form the solar system.	Unit E Matter and Energy All matter is made up of basic units and has predictable physical and chemical properties. Energy causes changes in the states of matter. Thermal energy, sound, and light interact with matter to provide practical applications for humans.
Related Literature	See correlated Leveled Readers			

Content (include specific vocabulary)	Experiment, Scientific method, Microscope, Balance, Investigation Inquiry e *	Mineral, Streak, Luster, Hardness, Rock, Igneous rock, Deposition, Sedimentary rock Metamorphic rock, Weathering Erosion, Rock Cycle Fossil, Mold, cast, index fossil Paleontology Landform, topography, Glacier, Sand dune, Delta, Sinkhole, Plate, Earthquake, Epicenter, Fault, Magma, Lava Volcano Renewable resource, Nonrenewable resource, Pollution, conservation	Atmosphere, Troposphere, Air pressure, Local wind, Prevailing wind, Water cycle, Evaporation, Condensation, Humidity, Precipitation, Air mass, Front, Climate Salinity, Water pressure, Continental shelf, Continental slope, Abyssal plain, Wave, Current, Tide, Shore, Headland, Tide pool, Jetty Sun, Rotate, Axis, Revolve, Orbit Equator, Moon, Crater, Moon phase, Eclipse, Refraction, Star, Solar system, planet, universe, galaxy	Volume, atom, molecule, nucleus, element, periodic table, physical change, density, mixture, solution, combustibility, reactivity, Energy, kinetic energy, potential energy, energy transfer, solar energy, light, chemical energy, mechanical energy, electric energy, heat, system, conduction, convection, reflection, radiation Electricity, electromagnet, static electricity, electric current, current electricity, conductor, insulator, electric circuit, series circuit, parallel circuit Vibration, volume, pitch, frequency, reflection, opaque, translucent, transparent, refraction, convex lens, concave lens
Skills and Three Specific Literacy Strategies				

Assessments			
Teacher's Name	School	Grade Level/Course	Year

Curriculum Map

	January	February	March	April
Unit Title/Theme Essential Question	Finish Unit E	Unit F Forces and Motion The interaction of forces causes a change in the motion of objects. Energy, the ability to change matter, exists in many forms.	Finish Unit F	Unit A Processes of Living Things All living things are made up of cells. Cells contain structures that carry out all life functions. In multicellular organisms, such as humans, body systems interact to carry out life functions.
Related Literature				

Content (include specific vocabulary)	Force, friction, gravity, gravitational force, magnetic, magnetism, balanced forces, unbalanced forces, net force buoyant force, work, simple machine, lever, fulcrum, wheel-and-axle, pulley, inclined plane Position, speed, velocity, acceleration, inertia		Cell, microscopic, organism, cell membrane, nucleus, cytoplasm, protist, tissue, organ, organ system, digestive system, circulatory system, respiratory system, skeletal system, muscular system, nervous system, excretory system Classification, kingdom, species, vertebrate, invertebrate Vascular tissue, xylem, phloem, photosynthesis, spore, gymnosperm, angiosperm, germinate Life cycle, mitosis, chromosome, inherited trait, dominant trait, recessive trait, gene, instinct, learned behavior, environment
Skills and Three Specific Literacy Strategies			
Assessments			
Teacher's Name	School	Grade Level/Course	Year

Teacher's Name	School	 Grade I	Level/	Course	Year	

Curriculum Map

	May	June	
Unit Title/Theme	Finish Unit A	Unit B Interactions Among Living Things Life on Earth is diverse and interrelated. Living things interact with each other and with their physical environment. The sun is the source of energy for all living systems.	
Related Literatur e			
Content (include specific vocabulary)		Transpiration, photosynthesis, chlorophyll, producer, consumer, ecosystem, herbivore, carnivore, food chain, decomposer, food web, energy pyramid Population, community, competition, adaptation, symbiosis, predator, prey, succession, extinction, pollution, acid rain, habitat, conservation, reclamation	
Skills			

sessments		
Asse		